# **STRATFORD MINING COMPLEX**

Monthly Compliance Noise Monitoring May 2019

**Prepared for:** 

Stratford Coal Pty Ltd PO Box 168 GLOUCESTER NSW 2422

SLR

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## BASIS OF REPORT

This report has been prepared by SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd (SLR) with all reasonable skill, care and diligence, and taking account of the timescale and resources allocated to it by agreement with Stratford Coal Pty Ltd (the Client). Information reported herein is based on the interpretation of data collected, which has been accepted in good faith as being accurate and valid.

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## DOCUMENT CONTROL

Reference	Date	Prepared	Checked	Authorised
630.11771-R18-v1.0	4 July 2019	Jeff Sit	Martin Davenport	Martin Davenport



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## 1 Introduction

*Stratford Coal Pty Limited* (DCPL), a wholly owned subsidiary of Yancoal Australia Limited (Yancoal), has commissioned SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd (SLR) to conduct monthly noise monitoring for the Stratford Mining Complex (SMC) operations guided by the requirements of the *Stratford Mining Complex (Stratford Extension Project) Noise Management Plan* (NMP), Document No. NMP-R01-A, dated 19 October 2018. This report presents the results and findings from the operator-attended noise surveys conducted between Thursday 30 May 2019 and Friday 31 May 2019.

It is understood that the SMC collectively comprises the Stratford Coal Mine (SCM), the Bowens Road North Open Cut (BRNOC) and the associated coal processing and handling facilities. Run-of-mine (ROM) coal from the Duralie Coal Mine (DCM) is transported by rail to the SMC, where it is processed along with ROM coal from the SCM and BRNOC. SMC coal is then loaded and railed on the North Coast Railway to the port of Newcastle.

The objectives of the noise monitoring programme for this operating period were as follows:

- Conduct three rounds of external operator-attended noise measurements at the six nominated locations, representative of receivers in the area surrounding the SMC. The six nominated external operator-attended noise measurement locations are:
  - Atkins Off Wenhams Cox Road, Stratford
  - Clarke Off Wenhams Cox Road, Stratford
  - Hall Upper Avon Road
  - Lowrey Off Crowthers Road, Stratford
  - Pryce Jones The Bucketts Way, Craven
  - Van der Drift Wood Street. Stratford

Noise monitoring will occur for a day, evening and night period. The day, evening and night periods being those defined in the NSW *Industrial Noise Policy* (EPA 2000).

- The operator will quantify and characterise the maximum (LAmax) and the intrusive (LAeq and Lceq) noise level contributions from SMC operations over a 15 minute measurement period. In addition, the operator will quantify and characterise the overall levels of ambient noise (i.e. LAmax, LA1, LA10, LA50, LA90, and LAeq) over the 15 minute measurement interval.
- Assess the noise emissions of SMC and determine compliance with respect to the limits contained in the NMP.

In addition to monthly noise monitoring at the nominated residential receivers, the NMP requires quarterly noise monitoring of rail activity and verification monitoring of the Real Time Noise Monitor (RTNM) network.

The following report uses specialist acoustic terminology. An explanation of common terms is provided in **Appendix A**.

## 2 SMC Noise Criteria

The figures presented in this Section are extracts from the *Stratford Extension Project* (SSD-4966) Development Consent dated 29 May 2015.

## 2.1 **Project Approval Schedule 3 Environmental Performance Conditions**

### ACQUISITION UPON REQUEST

1. Upon receiving a written request for acquisition from an owner of the land listed in Table 1, the Applicant shall acquire the land in accordance with the procedures in conditions 5-6 of Schedule 4.

Table 1: Land subject to acquisition upon request

Property ID			
40/51/Cr1 – L. Blanch	42 – D. Blanch		
Cr7 – Pryce-Jones	Cr 2 – Boorer		

Note: To interpret the location referred to in Table 1 see the applicable figure in Appendix 5.

However, the obligation to acquire a property does not apply if the Applicant has a negotiated agreement with the owner/s of the relevant land that sets aside acquisition under the terms of this consent, and the Applicant has advised the Department in writing of the terms of this agreement.

### ADDITIONAL MITIGATION UPON REQUEST

2. Upon receiving a written request from the owner of any residence on the land listed in Tables 1 and 2, the Applicant shall implement additional noise mitigation measures (such as double glazing, insulation, and/or air conditioning) at the residence in consultation with the owner. These measures must be reasonable and feasible and directed towards reducing the noise impacts of the development on the residence.

If within 3 months of receiving this request from the owner, the Applicant and the owner cannot agree on the measures to be implemented, or there is a dispute about the implementation of these measures, then either party may refer the matter to the Secretary for resolution.

#### Table 2: Land subject to additional noise mitigation upon request

Property ID	Property ID	
31(1) – Isaac	60 – Healy / Greenwood	
44 – Cross / Jane	36 – Wallace	
37 – Worth	29 – Ward	
15(3) – Falla		

Note: To interpret the locations referred to in Table 2 see the applicable figure in Appendix 5.

However, the obligation to implement noise mitigation measures does not apply if the Applicant has a negotiated agreement with the owner/s of the relevant residence or land that sets aside noise mitigation measures under the terms of this consent, and the Applicant has advised the Department in writing of the terms of this agreement.

### NOISE

### Hours of Operation

The Applicant shall comply with the operating hours in Table 3. 3.

Table 3: Operating hours

Activity	<b>Operating Hours</b>	
<ul> <li>Open cut mining operations in the Bowens Road North and Roseville West Extension pits</li> <li>Recovery and transport of CHPP rejects for re-processing</li> <li>Construction of the noise mitigation bunds on the western side of the Avon North, Roseville West Extension and Stratford East pits</li> </ul>	7 am to 6 pm, 7 days per week	
<ul> <li>Open cut mining operations in the Avon North and Stratford East pits</li> <li>Coal processing, loading and dispatch of product coal trains</li> </ul>	24 hours a day, 7 days per	
Maintenance activities	week	

### Noise Criteria

The Applicant shall ensure that the noise generated by the development does not exceed the criteria in 4 Table 4 at any residence on privately-owned land.

Land	Day	Evening L <sub>Aea(15 min)</sub>	Night	Night L <sub>A1 (1 min)</sub>
40/51/Cr1 -	L <sub>Aeq(15 min)</sub> 43	43	LAeq(15 min) 43	-A1 (1 min) 50
L. Blanch				
Cr7 – Pryce-Jones	43	43	43	49
42 – D. Blanch	42	42	42	50
Cr 2 – Boorer	41	41	41	49
31(1) – Isaac	<mark>4</mark> 0	40	40	48
36 – Wallace	39	39	39	47
44 – Cross / Jane				
60 – Healy / Greenwood	39	39	39	45
37 – Worth	38	38	38	46
29 – Ward	38	38	37	45
23 – Bagnall	37	37	37	45
31(2) – Isaac				
296 – Watson				
297 – Bosma				
298 – Yates	36	36	36	45
15(3) – Falla	39	35	35	45
15(2) – Falla	36	35	35	45
Stratford Village	37	36	35	<b>4</b> 5
All other privately- owned residences	35	35	35	45

To interpret the locations referred to in Table 4 see the applicable figure(s) in Appendix 5. Stratford village is shown on the figure(s) in Appendix 5.

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Noise generated by the development is to be measured in accordance with the relevant requirements of the *NSW Industrial Noise Policy*. Appendix 6 sets out the meteorological conditions under which these criteria apply and the requirements for evaluating compliance with these criteria.

However, these criteria do not apply if the Applicant has a negotiated agreement with the owner/s of the relevant residence or land to generate higher noise levels, and the Applicant has advised the Department in writing of the terms of this agreement.

- 1. The noise criteria in Table 4 in Schedule 3 are to apply to a receiver under all meteorological conditions except under:
  - (a) wind speeds greater than 3 m/s at 10 m above ground level; or
  - (b) temperature inversion conditions between 1.5°C and 3°C/100 m and wind speed greater than 2 m/s at 10 m above ground level; or
  - (c) temperature inversion conditions greater than 3°C/100 m.

## 2.2 EPL Noise Limits – SMC Operations

The noise limits specified in EPL 5161 are consistent with the noise criteria specified in SSD-4966.

## 2.3 Noise Limits at the Nominated Attended Noise Monitoring Locations

The site specific noise limits for the six nominated attended noise monitoring locations are summarised in **Table 1**.

Locality	Intrusiveness Criteria LAeq(15minute)			Night LA1(1minute) Criterion
	Day	Evening	Night	Night
Atkins <sup>1</sup>	35	35	35	45
Clarke <sup>1,2</sup>	37	37	37	45
Hall	35	35	35	45
Lowrey	35	35	35	45
Pryce Jones <sup>3</sup>	43	43	43	49
Van der Drift	37	36	35	45

### Table 1 Noise Limits for the Nominated Noise Monitoring Locations

Note 1: Owned by Stratford Coal Pty Ltd

Note 2: Criteria adopted from Bagnall as a guide only and are not definitive at this location.

Note 3: Land subject to acquisition upon request.

## 2.4 Rail Noise Goals

The NMP has adopted ARTC's EPL 3142 noise goals as criteria for the assessment of SMC rail transport noise. The noise objectives specified in ARTC's EPL 3142 apply at 1 m from the façade of affected residential properties and are provided in **Table 2**.

### Table 2 ARTC EPL 3142 Noise Objectives

Descriptor	Rail Traffic Goal dBA
Daytime/Evening LAeq(15hour)	65
Night-time LAeq(9hour)	60
Maximum Pass-by LAmax	85



## 2.5 Assessment of Low-frequency Emissions

To address the low-frequency noise assessment issues raised in the 2014 Independent Environmental Audit, as outlined in the VIPAC letter (29N-15-0009-TNT-472681-0, dated 26 February 2015), the following analysis of the operator-attended monitoring data was proposed:

...a full  $L_{Ceq}$  minus  $L_{Aeq}$  spectrum low frequency analysis will be conducted on all noise compliance measurements where the mine noise contribution is deemed to be the dominant noise source. This will be conducted in accordance with the guidance set out in the INP in accordance with the requirements of Development Consent 23-98/99 Schedule 3 Condition 7(a) and Development Consent 39-02-01 Schedule 2 Condition 6.4C(a)(i).

The low-frequency analysis proposed above shall also serve to meet the *Compliance Monitoring* requirement of Section 5(d) of Appendix 6 *Noise Compliance Assessment* of the Stratford Extension Project Development Consent (SSD-4966, dated 29 May 2015), that states:

...the use of an appropriate modifying factor for low frequency noise to be applied during compliance testing at any individual residence if low frequency noise is present (in accordance with the INP) and before comparison with the specified noise levels in the consent.

Low frequency noise is assessed under the *NSW Noise Policy for Industry* (NPfI) methodology following its introduction in 2017, and replaces the INP methodology.

At all locations SMC was not audible and/or significantly below the relevant noise criteria or weather conditions were outside of SSD-4966 and EPL 5161 conditions and is therefore not addressed further. The results of the operator attended noise measurements are presented in **Section 4**.

## **3 Operational Noise Monitoring Methodology**

## **3.1 General Requirements**

All acoustic instrumentation employed throughout the monitoring programme has been designed to comply with the requirements of AS IEC 61672.1 – 2004 *Electroacoustics—Sound level meters – Specifications*, AS IEC 61672.2-2004, AS IEC 61672.3-2004 and carried current NATA or manufacturer calibration certificates. Instrument calibration was checked before and after each measurement survey, with the variation in calibrated levels not exceeding ±0.5 dBA.

All operator-attended noise measurements were conducted using a one-third octave integrating Brüel & Kjær Type 2270 (s/n 2679354) together with a Svantek SV30A acoustical calibrator (s/n 39482).



## **3.2 Operator-attended Noise Monitoring Locations**

Noise monitoring was conducted in accordance with the requirements of the NMP.

Operator-attended noise measurements were conducted during the day, evening and night-time period for a minimum of 15 minutes per period at each of the six nominated residential noise monitoring locations. The details of the operator-attended SMC operational noise monitoring locations are contained within **Table 3** and shown generally in **Figure 1**. During the operator-attended noise measurements, the character and relative contribution of ambient noise sources and SMC contributions were determined by observations on site.

Monitoring Location	Receiver Type	Resident / Owner	Monitoring Location - MGA Zone 56	
			Easting (m)	Northing (m)
Atkins	Residence	Atkins	401544	6447134
Clarke	Residence	Clarke	404406	6445783
Hall	Residence	Hall	398269	6443709
Lowrey	Residence	Lowrey	399193	6445879
Pryce Jones	Residence	Pryce Jones	400807	6441846
Van der Drift	Residence	Van der Drift	400171	6445775

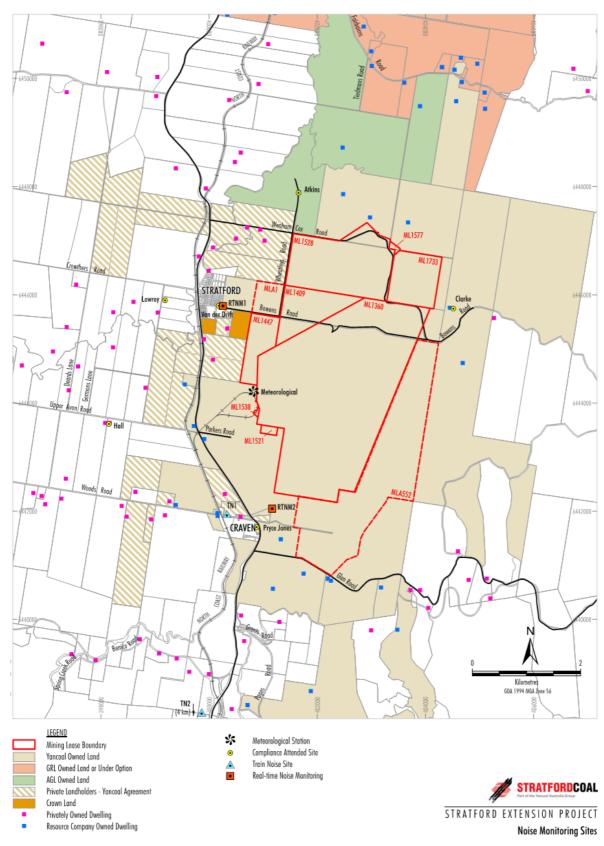
Table 3	SMC Operational Noise Monitoring Locations
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The objective of the SMC operational operator-attended noise monitoring was to measure the maximum (LAmax) and the LAeq(15minute) noise level contributions at the nearest potentially affected receptors to determine the noise contribution of mining activities associated with SMC operations over a 15 minute measurement period. During the measurement, the operator also quantifies and characterises the overall levels of ambient noise in the area (i.e. LAmax, LA1, LA10, LA90, and LAeq) over the 15 minute measurement interval.

### Table 4Rail Noise Monitoring Locations

Monitoring Location	Receiver Type	Representative Receiver Locality	Monitoring Locat 56	ion - MGA Zone
			Easting (m)	Northing (m)
TN2	Rail Noise Monitoring Location	Wards River	399914	6434771









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## 4 Results

## 4.1 **Operator-attended Noise Monitoring - SMC Operational Activity**

Operator-attended noise measurements were conducted during a day, evening and night period between Thursday 30 May 2019 and Friday 31 May 2019. Results of the operator-attended noise surveys at residential locations are provided in **Sections 4.1.1** to **4.1.6** 

A summary of the results for the attended noise monitoring are displayed graphically in **Appendix B** showing LAmax, LAeq, and LAeq(<1.25kHz) in 1-second intervals throughout the monitoring survey.

Ambient noise levels presented include all noise sources such as transport (roads, rail and aircraft), fauna (insects, frogs, birds, and bats), farm animals (cows, bulls), the natural environment (wind, wind in trees), domestic noises, other industrial operations as well as SMC noise emissions.

Weather data during the monitoring period has been obtained from the weather station located on the SMC site.

The tables provide the following information:

- Date and start time, operator and equipment details.
- Monitoring location.
- Wind velocity (m/s) and temperature (°C) at the measurement location.
- Typical maximum (LAmax) and contributed LAeq(15minute) noise levels.



### 4.1.1 Operator-attended Noise Survey Results – 'Atkins'

Results of the operator-attended noise surveys at 'Atkins' are provided in **Table 5**. Monitoring location 'Atkins' represents residential receptors located to the north of the site.

Atkins	Date/Start Time/	Primar	y Noise I	Descripto	or dBA (1	.5 minute	?)	Description of Noise Emissions and Typical
	Weather	LAmax	K LA1 LA10		LA90 LAeq		LAeq (≤1.25kHz)	Maximum Noise Levels (dBA)
Day	31/05/19 10:31 13°C 1.1 m/s NE	68	56	37	29	44	44	Site related noise events: SMC: Audible Haul trucks 28-33 Pit operations 24-28 LAeq(15minute) contribution 29 dBA Other noise events: Farm machinery 35-68 Birdsong Traffic 32-39 Train 30-33
Evening	30/5/19 20:55 4°C 0.9 m/s SSW	61	52	37	17	38	38	Site related noise events: SMC: Barely Audible LAeq(15minute) contribution <20 dBA Other noise events: Aeroplane 47-61 Road traffic 25-41
Night	30/5/19 22:24 5°C 1.6 m/s SW	40	36	32	24	30	29	Site related noise events: SMC: Audible Haul trucks 25-40 Pit operations 26-31 LAeq(15minute) contribution 30 dBA LAmax contribution 40 dBA Other noise events: Traffic 26

 Table 5
 Operator-attended Noise Survey Results - 'Atkins'

SMC operations were audible during the day and night time survey periods and barely audible during the evening. SMC operations generated an  $L_{Aeq(15minute)}$  noise contribution of 29 dBA, <20 dBA and 30 dBA during the day, evening and night-time respectively. During the night time period haul trucks generated  $L_{Amax}$  noise levels of 40 dBA at the monitoring location.



### 4.1.2 Operator-attended Noise Survey Results - 'Clarke'

Results of the operator-attended noise surveys at 'Clarke' are provided in **Table 6**. Monitoring location 'Clarke' represents residential receptors located to the east of the site, and is a SMC owned property. The monitoring results at Clarke are used to determine SMC contributions at the 'Bagnall' residence located further to the east.

Clarke	Date/Start Time/	Primar	y Noise I	Descripto	Description of Noise Emissions and Typical			
	Weather	LAmax	LA1	LA10	LA90	LAeq	LAeq (≤1.25kHz)	Maximum Noise Levels (dBA)
Day	31/5/19 10:08 12°C 1.6 m/s NE	56	52	49	42	46	46	Site related noise events: SMC: Audible Pit operations 41-56 LAeq(15minute) contribution 46 dBA Other noise events: Wind in 37-42
Evening	30/5/19 21:41 5°C 1.6 m/s WSW Lapse Rate 8.1°C /100m	59	53	50	43	48	47	Site related noise events: SMC: Audible Pit operations 43-59 LAeq(15minute) contribution 48 dBA Other noise events:
Night	30/5/19 22:00 4°C 0.9 m/s SW Lapse Rate 10.9°C/100m	60	53	50	44	47	47	Site related noise events: SMC: Audible Pit operations 44-60 LAeq(15minute) contribution 47 dBA LAmax contribution 60 dBA Other noise events:

### Table 6 Operator-attended Noise Survey Results - 'Clarke'

SMC operations generated an LAeq(15minute) noise contribution of 46 dBA, 48 dBA and 47 dBA during the day, evening and night-time, respectively. During the night time period the operation of the pit generated LAmax noise levels of up to 60 dBA at the monitoring location.

Meteorological data from the onsite SMC automatic weather stations showed a temperature inversion in excess of 3°C/100 m during the evening and night time period of the operator attended measurements. As such, the evening and night-time criteria are not applicable during the attended noise survey.

Noise levels were predicted to the Bagnall residence using an ENM model. The noise model was calibrated using the operator attended noise monitoring results and weather conditions at the Clarke noise monitoring location. LAeq(15minute) noise levels are predicted to be 32 dBA, 39 dBA and 38 dBA, during the day, evening and night time, respectively. The night time LAmax noise level is predicted to be 48 dBA.

It was noted during all measurement periods that the L<sub>Ceq</sub> was less than 15 dB above the L<sub>Aeq</sub> and therefore no further low frequency assessment was required.



### 4.1.3 Operator-attended Noise Survey Results - 'Hall'

Results of the operator-attended noise surveys at 'Hall' are provided in **Table 7.** Monitoring location 'Hall' represents residential receptors located to the southwest of the site.

Hall	Date/Start Time/	Primar	y Noise I	Descripto	Description of Noise Emissions and Typical			
	Weather	LAmax	ax LA1 LA10		LA90	LAeq	LAeq (≤1.25kHz)	Maximum Noise Levels (dBA)
Day	31/5/19 13:00 18°C 5.3 m/s WSW	76	49	43	32	47	45	Site related noise events: SMC: Inaudible Other noise events: Road traffic 76 Wind in trees 32-45 Birdsong. 30-46
Evening	30/5/19 19:44 6°C 1.3 m/s SSW	46	28	25	19	23	20	Site related noise events: SMC: Barely Audible LAeq(15minute) contribution <20 dBA Other noise events: Distant traffic 20-28 Livestock 46 Vehicle exhaust 25-46 Insects <20
Night	30/5/19 23:34 5°C 1.7 m/s SSW	43	35	31	20	27	22	Site related noise events: SMC: Barely Audible LAeq(15minute) contribution <20 dBA LAmax contribution <20 dBA Other noise events: Distant traffic 20-31 Livestock 46 Vehicle exhaust 25-43 Insects <20

 Table 7
 Operator-attended Noise Survey Results - 'Hall'

SMC operations were inaudible during the day and barely audible during the evening and the night-time operator attended noise surveys at this location. SMC operations generated an  $L_{Aeq(15minute)}$  noise contribution of <20 dBA during the evening and night-time survey periods. During the night time period, SMC operations contributed LAmax noise levels of <20 dBA at the monitoring location.



### 4.1.4 Operator-attended Noise Survey Results - 'Lowrey'

Results of the operator-attended noise surveys at 'Lowrey' are provided in **Table 8**. Monitoring location 'Lowrey' represents residential receptors located to the west of the site and west of Bucketts Way.

Lowrey	Date/Start Time/	Primar	y Noise	Descripto	Description of Noise Emissions and Typical			
	Weather	LAmax	LA1	LA10	LA90	LAeq	LAeq (≤1.25kHz)	Maximum Noise Levels (dBA)
Day	31/5/19 13:26 18°C 4.3 m/s SW	59	50	43	38	42	41	Site related noise events: SMC: Inaudible Other noise events: Wind 34-42 Aeroplane 59
Evening	30/5/19 20:31 7°C 1.2 m/s N	50	44	38	22	35	34	Site related noise events: SMC: Inaudible Other noise events: Road traffic 24-50
Night	30/5/19 23:59 6°C 1.3 m/s SSW	54	37	34	25	31	29	Site related noise events: SMC: Inaudible Other noise events: Wind gust 22-54 Road Traffic 25-38

 Table 8
 Attended Noise Survey Results - 'Lowrey'

SMC operations were inaudible during the day, evening and night-time periods at this location.



### 4.1.5 Operator-attended Noise Survey Results - 'Pryce-Jones'

Results of the operator-attended noise surveys at 'Pryce Jones' are provided in **Table 9.** Monitoring location 'Pryce Jones' represents residential receptors located in Craven to the south of the site.

Pryce- Jones	Date/Start Time/	Primar	y Noise	Descripto	Description of Noise Emissions and Typical			
	Weather	LAmax	Amax LA1 L		LA90	LAeq	LAeq (≤1.25kHz)	Maximum Noise Levels (dBA)
Day	31/5/19 12:37 17°C 4.5 m/s SSW	73	70	61	39	57	56	Site related noise events: SMC: Inaudible Other noise events: Road traffic 49-73 Wind in trees 35-37 Construction works 35-37
Evening	30/5/19 19:21 6°C 0.7 m/s NW	73	69	60	23	56	56	Site related noise events: SMC: Audible Site operations 20-26 LAeq(15minute) contribution 23 dBA Other noise events: Road traffic 30-73
Night	30/5/19 23:12 4°C 2 m/s SW	76	63	45	23	51	51	Site related noise events: SMC: Barely Audible LAeq(15minute) contribution <20 dBA LAmax contribution <20 dBA Other noise events: Road traffic 40-76 Wind in trees 32-37

Table 9 Attended Noise Survey Results – 'Pryce Jones'

SMC operations were inaudible during the day, audible during the evening and barely audible throughout the night-time period surveys at this location. The SMC generated  $L_{Aeq(15minute)}$  noise contributions of 23 dBA during the evening and <20 dBA during the night. During the night-time period SMC operations generated  $L_{Amax}$  noise levels of <20 dBA.



### 4.1.6 Van der Drift

Results of the operator-attended noise surveys at 'Van der Drift' are provided in Table 10.

Van der Drift	Date/Start Time/	Primar	y Noise I	Descripto	or dBA (1	.5 minute	)	Description of Noise Emissions and Typical
Dint	Weather	LAmax	LA1	LA10	LA90	LAeq	LAeq (≤1.25kHz)	Maximum Noise Levels (dBA)
Day	31/5/19 13:49 18.2°C 4.2 m/s SSW	69	55	51	44	49	47	Site related noise events: SMC: Inaudible Other noise events: Wind in trees 41-54 Road traffic 69
Evening	30/5/19 20:09 6.8°C 0.8 m/s NNE	77	53	37	21	48	46	Site related noise events: SMC: Audible Haul trucks 22-29 LAeq(15minute) contribution 24 dBA Other noise events: Local traffic 77 Road traffic 32-45
Night	30/5/19 22:46 4.4°C 0.7 m/s WSW	49	43	35	20	31	31	Site related noise events: SMC: Audible Haul trucks 23-31 Pit operations 20-23 LAeq(15minute) contribution 23 dBA LAmax contribution 31 dBA Other noise events: Road traffic 42-49 Residential noise 40

 Table 10
 Attended Noise Survey Results - 'Van der Drift'

SMC operations were inaudible during the day but audible during the evening and night-time operator attended noise surveys at this location. During the evening and night time periods, SMC operations generated LAeq(15minute) noise levels of 24 dBA and 23 dBA, respectively. LAmax noise levels of 31 dBA from haul trucks were measured during the night-time survey.



## 4.2 Rail Noise Monitoring

SMC rail pass-by noise levels are presented in **Table 11**.

### Table 11 Operator-attended Rail Noise Monitoring Results

Monitoring Location	Date and Time	LAmax (dBA)			
		Horn Included	Horn Excluded		
TN2	31/05/2019 12:24PM	83	83		

Maximum SMC rail pass-by noise levels were below 85 dBA LAmax at TN2, including the sounding of the horn on approach to the level crossing.

## **5 Performance Assessment**

### 5.1 **Operations**

Results of the operator-attended noise measurements compared with the relevant noise criteria contained in the SMC Development Consent are given in **Table 12**.

				Noise Cri dBA	iteria LAeq(	15minute)	Compliance		
	Day	Eve	Night	Day	Eve	Night	Day	Eve	Night
Atkins	29	<20	30	35	35	35	Yes	Yes	Yes
Clarke <sup>2</sup>	46	48	47	37	37	37	N/A <sup>4</sup>	N/A <sup>4</sup>	N/A <sup>4</sup>
Bagnall <sup>3</sup>	32 <sup>3</sup>	39 <sup>3</sup>	38 <sup>3</sup>	37	37	37	Yes	N/A <sup>5</sup>	N/A <sup>5</sup>
Hall	I/A	<20	<20	35	35	35	Yes	Yes	Yes
Lowrey	I/A	I/A	I/A	35	35	35	Yes	Yes	Yes
Pryce Jones	I/A	23	<20	43	43	43	Yes	Yes	Yes
Van der Drift	I/A	24	23	37	36	35	Yes	Yes	Yes

### Table 12 Performance Assessment – Operations

Note 1: I/A = Inaudible.

Note 2: Owned by Stratford Coal Pty Ltd. Criteria adopted from Bagnall.

Note 3: Modelled result

Note 4: Criteria adopted as a guide only.

Note 5: Criteria not applicable due to weather conditions outside meteorological conditions detailed in SSD-4966.

Results presented in **Table 12** indicate that SMC operations during the operator-attended noise monitoring at all privately owned locations under applicable weather conditions were compliant with the relevant Development Consent conditions. Noise levels at Clarke were above the adopted noise criteria, however the Clarke property is owned by Stratford Coal Pty Ltd.

## **5.2** Sleep Disturbance

Results of the night period sleep disturbance measurements compared with the relevant noise criteria contained in the Development Consent are given in **Table 13**.



### Table 13 Performance Assessment – Sleep Disturbance

Location	SMC LA1(1minute) Contribution	Noise Criteria LA1(1minute)	Compliance
Atkins	40	45	Yes
Clarke <sup>2</sup>	60	45	N/A <sup>4,5</sup>
Bagnall <sup>3</sup>	48 <sup>3</sup>	45	N/A <sup>5</sup>
Hall	<20	45	Yes
Lowrey	I/A	45	Yes
Pryce Jones	<20	49	Yes
Van der Drift	31	45	Yes

Note 1: I/A = Inaudible.

Note 2: Owned by Stratford Coal Pty Ltd. Criteria adopted from Bagnall.

Note 3: Modelled result.

Note 4: Criteria adopted as a guide only.

Note 5: Criteria not applicable due to weather conditions outside meteorological conditions detailed in SSD-4966.

**Table 13** indicate that SMC operations during the night-time operator-attended noise monitoring at allprivately owned locations under applicable weather conditions were compliant with the relevantDevelopment Consent conditions.

## 5.3 Rail Noise

Maximum SMC rail pass-by noise levels complied with the noise goal of 85 dBA LAmax at TN2.

## 6 Conclusion

SLR was engaged by Stratford Coal Pty Limited to conduct monthly noise monitoring for the Stratford Mining Complex (SMC) operations guided by the requirements of the *Stratford Mining Complex Noise Management Plan* (NMP), Document No. NMP-R01-A, dated March 2018.

Operator-attended noise monitoring was conducted at six residential receiver locations between Thursday 30 May 2019 and Friday 31 May 2019 in order to determine the noise performance of the SMC operations against the Development Consent conditions.

Based on the measured SMC noise contribution, compliance with the relevant operational noise criteria was achieved at all noise monitoring locations during the day, evening and night monitoring periods

Based on the measured SMC noise contribution, compliance with the relevant sleep disturbance noise criteria was achieved at all privately owned noise monitoring locations during the night-time noise monitoring period under applicable weather conditions.

Maximum SMC rail pass-by noise levels complied with the noise goal of 85 dBA LAmax





Acoustic Terminology





#### 1. Sound Level or Noise Level

The terms 'sound' and 'noise' are almost interchangeable, except that 'noise' often refers to unwanted sound.

Sound (or noise) consists of minute fluctuations in atmospheric pressure. The human ear responds to changes in sound pressure over a very wide range with the loudest sound pressure to which the human ear can respond being ten million times greater than the softest. The decibel (abbreviated as dB) scale reduces this ratio to a more manageable size by the use of logarithms.

The symbols SPL, L or LP are commonly used to represent Sound Pressure Level. The symbol LA represents A-weighted Sound Pressure Level. The standard reference unit for Sound Pressure Levels expressed in decibels is  $2 \times 10^{-5}$  Pa.

### 2. 'A' Weighted Sound Pressure Level

The overall level of a sound is usually expressed in terms of dBA, which is measured using a sound level meter with an 'A-weighting' filter. This is an electronic filter having a frequency response corresponding approximately to that of human hearing.

People's hearing is most sensitive to sounds at mid frequencies (500 Hz to 4,000 Hz), and less sensitive at lower and higher frequencies. Different sources having the same dBA level generally sound about equally loud.

A change of 1 dB or 2 dB in the level of a sound is difficult for most people to detect, whilst a 3 dB to 5 dB change corresponds to a small but noticeable change in loudness. A 10 dB change corresponds to an approximate doubling or halving in loudness. The table below lists examples of typical noise levels.

Sound Pressure Level (dBA)	Typical Source	Subjective Evaluation			
130	Threshold of pain	Intolerable			
120	Heavy rock concert	Extremely			
110	Grinding on steel	noisy			
100	Loud car horn at 3 m	Very noisy			
90	Construction site with pneumatic hammering				
80	Kerbside of busy street	Loud			
70	Loud radio or television				
60	Department store	Moderate to			
50	General Office	quiet			
40	Inside private office	Quiet to			
30	Inside bedroom	very quiet			
20	Recording studio	Almost silent			

Other weightings (eg B, C and D) are less commonly used than A-weighting. Sound Levels measured without any weighting are referred to as 'linear', and the units are expressed as dB(lin) or dB.

### 3. Sound Power Level

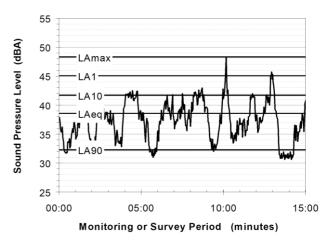
The Sound Power of a source is the rate at which it emits acoustic energy. As with Sound Pressure Levels, Sound Power Levels are expressed in decibel units (dB or dBA), but may be identified by the symbols SWL or LW, or by the reference unit  $10^{-12}$  W.

The relationship between Sound Power and Sound Pressure is similar to the effect of an electric radiator, which is characterised by a power rating but has an effect on the surrounding environment that can be measured in terms of a different parameter, temperature.

### 4. Statistical Noise Levels

Sounds that vary in level over time, such as road traffic noise and most community noise, are commonly described in terms of the statistical exceedance levels LAN, where LAN is the Aweighted sound pressure level exceeded for N% of a given measurement period. For example, the LA1 is the noise level exceeded for 1% of the time, LA10 the noise exceeded for 10% of the time, and so on.

The following figure presents a hypothetical 15 minute noise survey, illustrating various common statistical indices of interest.



Of particular relevance, are:

- LA1 The noise level exceeded for 1% of the 15 minute interval.
- LA10 The noise level exceeded for 10% of the 15 minute interval. This is commonly referred to as the average maximum noise level.
- LA90 The noise level exceeded for 90% of the sample period. This noise level is described as the average minimum background sound level (in the absence of the source under consideration), or simply the background level.
- LAeq The A-weighted equivalent noise level (basically, the average noise level). It is defined as the steady sound level that contains the same amount of acoustical energy as the corresponding time-varying sound.

#### 5. Frequency Analysis

Frequency analysis is the process used to examine the tones (or frequency components) which make up the overall noise or vibration signal.

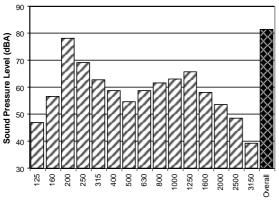
The units for frequency are Hertz (Hz), which represent the number of cycles per second.

Frequency analysis can be in:

- Octave bands (where the centre frequency and width of each band is double the previous band)
- 1/3 octave bands (three bands in each octave band)
- Narrow band (where the spectrum is divided into 400 or more bands of equal width)



The following figure shows a 1/3 octave band frequency analysis where the noise is dominated by the 200 Hz band. Note that the indicated level of each individual band is less than the overall level, which is the logarithmic sum of the bands.



#### 1/3 Octave Band Centre Frequency (Hz)

#### 6. Annoying Noise (Special Audible Characteristics)

A louder noise will generally be more annoying to nearby receivers than a quieter one. However, noise is often also found to be more annoying and result in larger impacts where the following characteristics are apparent:

- Tonality tonal noise contains one or more prominent tones (ie differences in distinct frequency components between adjoining octave or 1/3 octave bands), and is normally regarded as more annoying than 'broad band' noise.
- Impulsiveness an impulsive noise is characterised by one or more short sharp peaks in the time domain, such as occurs during hammering.
- Intermittency intermittent noise varies in level with the change in level being clearly audible. An example would include mechanical plant cycling on and off.
- Low Frequency Noise low frequency noise contains significant energy in the lower frequency bands, which are typically taken to be in the 10 to 160 Hz region.



# **APPENDIX B**

**Operator Attended Noise Survey Charts** 

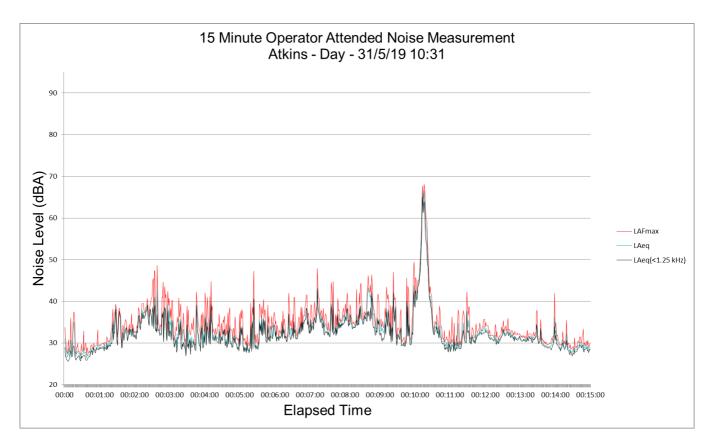
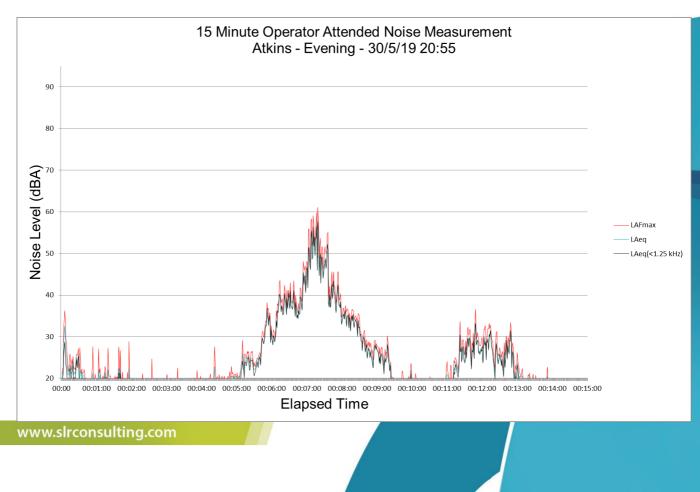


Figure B1 – Day Period – 'Atkins' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results

Figure B2 – Evening Period – 'Atkins' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results



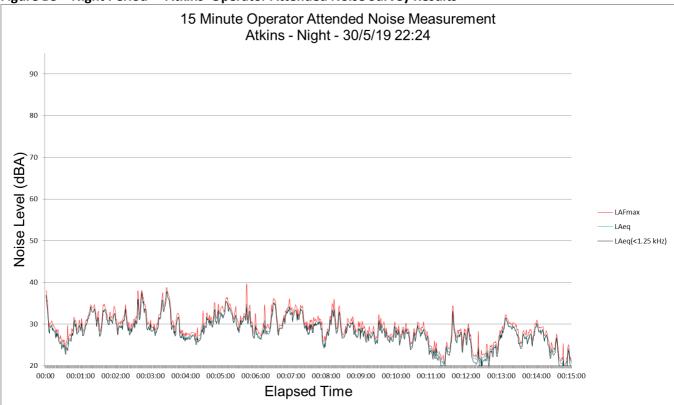
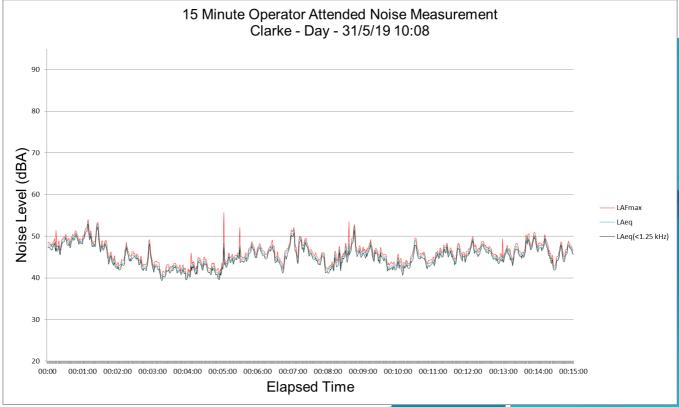


Figure B3 – Night Period – 'Atkins' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results





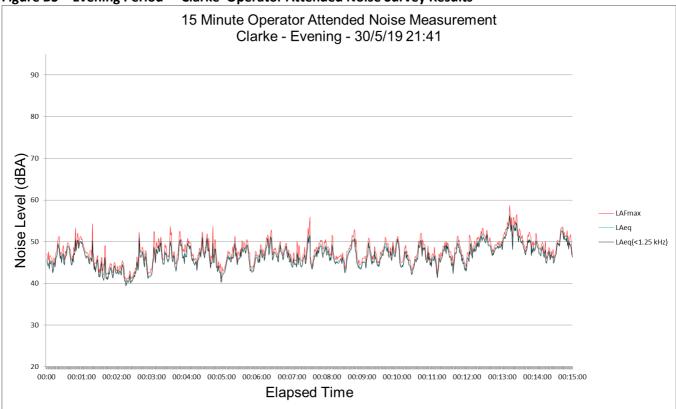
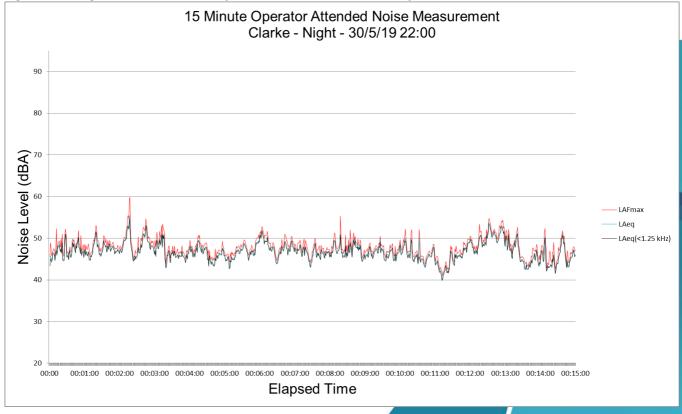


Figure B5 – Evening Period – 'Clarke' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results

Figure B6 – Night Period – 'Clarke' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results



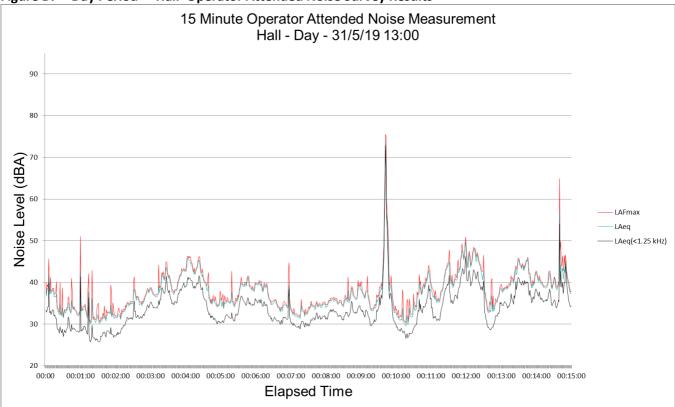
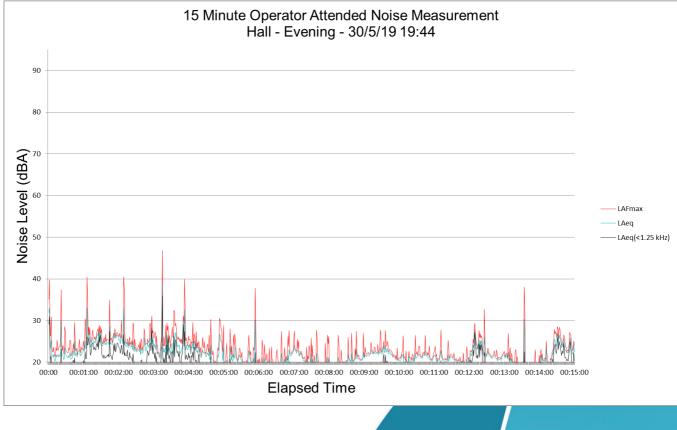


Figure B7 – Day Period – 'Hall' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results

Figure B8 – Evening Period – 'Hall' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results



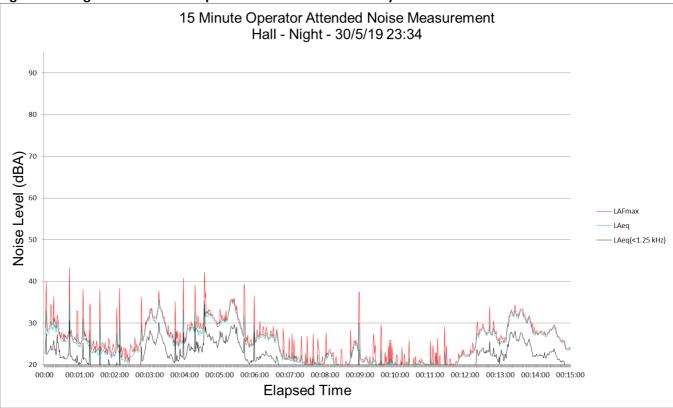
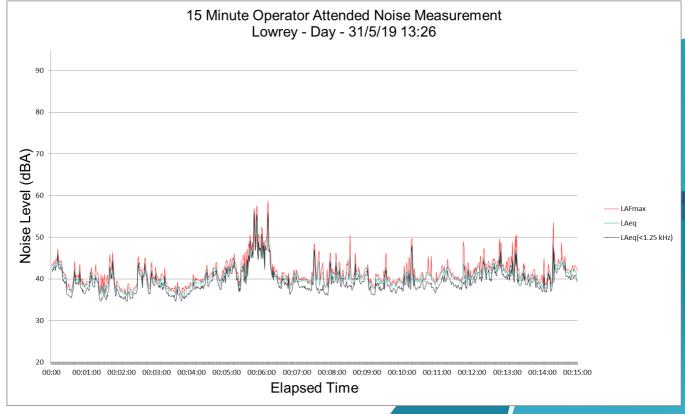


Figure B9 – Night Period – 'Hall' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results

Figure B10 – Day Period – 'Lowrey' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results



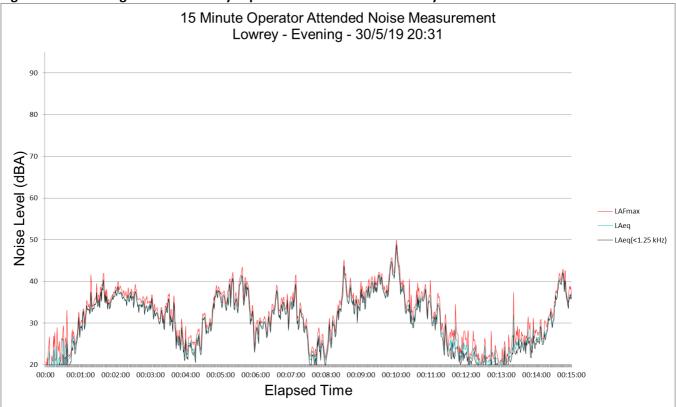
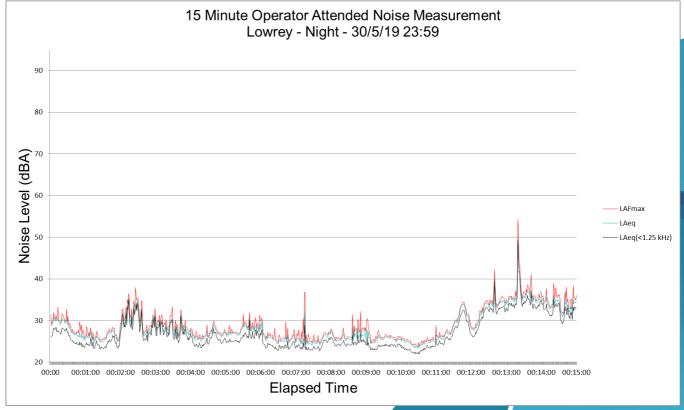


Figure B11 – Evening Period – 'Lowrey' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results

Figure B12 – Night Period – 'Lowrey' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results



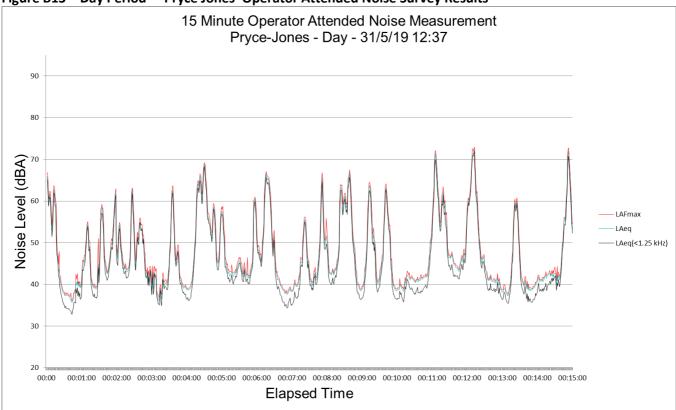
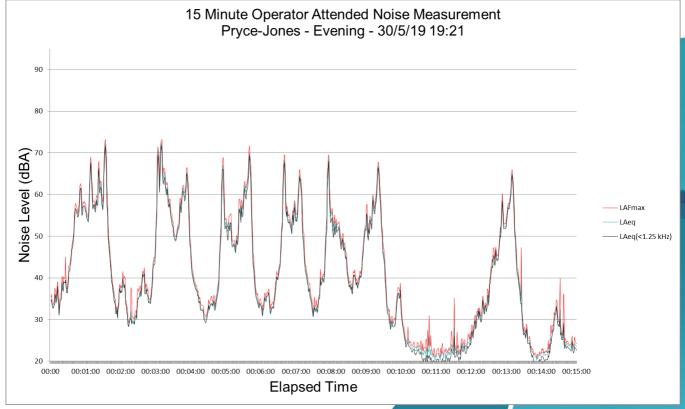


Figure B13 – Day Period – 'Pryce Jones' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results





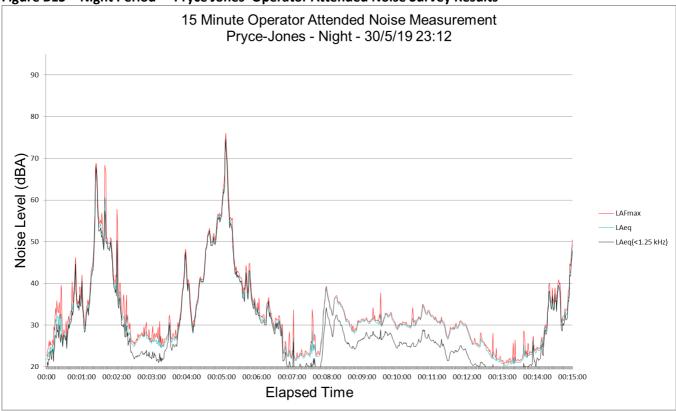
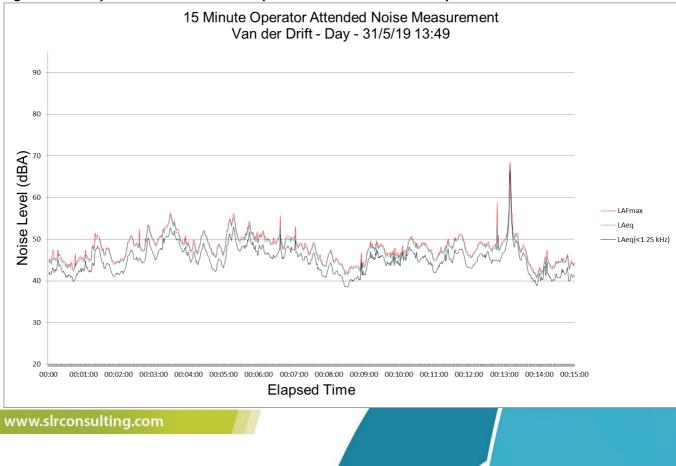


Figure B15 – Night Period – 'Pryce Jones' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results

Figure B16 – Day Period – 'Van der Drift' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results



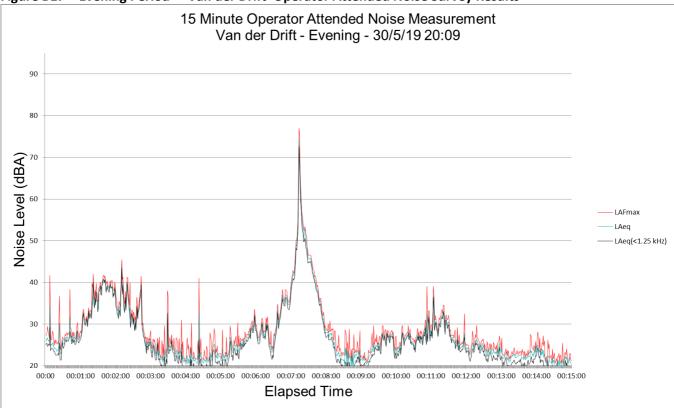
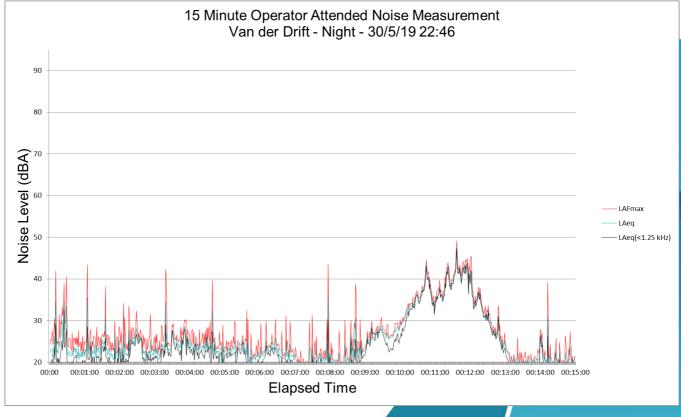


Figure B17 – Evening Period – 'Van der Drift' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results

Figure B18 – Night Period – 'Van der Drift' Operator Attended Noise Survey Results



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